



TITLE:

Investigation on Cast Iron Having Refined Graphite
Produced by Melting Cast Iron Covered with Slag
Containing TiO_2 . (VIII) : Influences of Addition of Metallic
Titanium, Ferro-titanium, and Cu-Ti Alloy upon the Struture
of Gray Cast Iron

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ABSTRACTS

in the [100] direction, the same step structure as observed in single crystals of 99.995% pure tin at 13°C/cm is also generated.

Investigation on Cast Iron Having Refined Graphite Produced by Melting Cast Iron Covered with Slag Containing TiO_2 . (VIII)

Influences of Addition of Metallic Titanium, Ferro-titanium, and Cu-Ti Alloy upon the Structure of Gray Cast Iron

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Journal of the Iron and Steel Institute of Japan
(*Tetsu to Hagane*), 43, 1234 (1957)

The cast iron melts containing about 3.5% C and about 1.8% Si were cast in small moulds used in the previous experiments after the addition of Ti in the form of metallic Ti, Ferro-Ti, and Cu-Ti alloy. In the present scope of experiments, gray cast irons having the same eutectic graphite structure may be prepared in the present case as in the previous experiments where cast iron melts have been treated with the slag containing TiO_2 , as far as more than 0.05% Ti was contained in the cast metal in the form of TiC and the melts were cast at the temperature lower than 1400°C. It is doubtful, however, whether or not the above mentioned result can always be obtained when the larger mould is used for casting.

Investigation on Cast Iron Having Refined Graphite Produced by Melting Cast Iron Covered with Slag Containing TiO_2 . (IX)

Investigation on the Net Structure and the Estimation of Micro-Hardness of S-H Cast Iron

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(*Tetsu to Hagane*), 43, 1286 (1957)

The fracture surface as well as the polished surface of S-H cast iron shows a net structure having a boundary line of light gray color. Observation of the microstructure revealed that the boundary-line portion was a group of austenite dendrites and that the mesh of net (meshy portion) consisted of eutectic graphite structure.

The micro-hardnesses of boundary-line and meshy portions were estimated.